

Date:
Permit #
Receipt #
(official use)

## TOWNSHIP OF WARREN

### Permit for Tree Removal

(to be filled out by applicant)

Unless exempt by Sections 17.4 B-J any person desiring to cut or remove any deciduous or coniferous tree having a diameter of or greater than five (5) inches measured at a point four and one-half (4.5') feet above the ground or any Dogwood, Ironwood or American Hornbeam having a diameter or greater than two and one-half (2.5") inches measured at a point four and one-half (4.5') feet above the ground shall apply to the Zoning Officer for a permit to remove such tree(s).

Applicant: <small>(Must be property owner or duly authorized agent)</small>	
Address:	
Email Address:	
Telephone Number:	
Location or Premises where work is to be performed: <small>(street location)</small>	
Street location	
Tax map design	Block:                      Lot:

Contractor:	Name:
	Address:
	Phone Number:

### Checklist for application:

	Completed Application form signed by the property owner.
	Payment of a \$25 permit application fee per lot
	Three copies of a tree replacement plan <b>(IF</b> a tree replacement plan is required)

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Identify the number of trees to be removed \_\_\_\_\_

Identify the species, size (in width at four feet high from the ground), and quantity to be removed.

Species	Size	Quantity	Reason for Removal

Mark the trees on the site with plastic tape or ribbon.

Indicate on a survey or on a sketch of property where the trees to be removed are located.

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Upon review of this application, the Zoning Official may require a tree replacement plan for the property. If required then put all trees to be removed on the plan and the type and number of trees to be planted must be labeled on two copies of the property survey.

I hereby certify that all information submitted on this application and the accompanying plans is true to the best of my knowledge.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Applicant's Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Property Owner's Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**PERMIT APPROVAL:**  
(This Permit shall remain valid for one (1) year.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Zoning Official

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

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#### Violations and Penalties:

Any person violating any provision of the Tree Ordinance shall be subject to a fine not exceeding twelve hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250.00) or imprisonment for not more than 90 days or both. Each day of the offense may be considered a separate offense.

#### Tree Removal/Replacement Plan Checklist

Every plan submitted for approval shall be drawn in accordance with Chapter XV, Subsection 15-7.2X, excepting paragraph 15.7.2X (3) and except for plans submitted in conjunction with major subdivision and/or site plan application (the Planning Board and Board of Adjustment shall govern those submissions), shall show the following information at a minimum.

- a. Survey of property showing existing structures, drives, lot and block designation, north arrow, street address, area of tract.
- b. Location of trees to be removed.
- c. Location and species of replacement trees, if applicable.
- d. Provide the name, address and telephone number of the applicant who shall be the owner or duly authorized agent of the owner, when applicable.
- e. Provide the name, address and telephone number of the contractor that will perform the work.
- f. Any tree destroyed or removed in violation of the approved plan shall be replaced with a tree of at least two and one-half (2.5") inches in diameter measured from the point four and one-half (4.5') feet above the ground.



## **TOWNSHIP OF WARREN**

### **POLICY STATEMENT REGARDING TREE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT**

Although the Tree Removal/Replacement Ordinance of the Township of Warren does not specifically include standards regulating the manner in which trees are removed by a property owner within the Township, any property owner undertaking to remove and/or replace trees on his or her property shall:

1. Remove and/or replace such trees in a safe and proper manner which will have the least detrimental impact to the property.
2. Remove and/or replace such trees in a manner that will have the least impact on all neighboring public and private properties.
3. Take all necessary precautions to ensure the safety and welfare of the person(s) removing and/or replacing the trees.
4. Take all necessary precautions to safeguard the welfare, property and possessions of all neighboring public and private property owners.
5. If necessary, consult with a tree removal professional.

**REMEMBER, YOU MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURIES AND/OR DAMAGES CAUSED BY TREE REMOVAL AND/OR REPLACEMENT ON YOUR PROPERTY IF SUCH TREE REMOVAL AND/OR REPLACEMENT IS PREFORMED IN AN UNSAFE MANNER.**



# Warren Township Environmental Commission



## Deer Resistant Plant Materials

The Commission has compiled information from several sources and the attached list is an attempt to provide suggestions for landscape plantings that MAY be unattractive to deer in the local area.

As a general rule all young deciduous trees are liable to suffer damage, but fortunately they can and should be caged until they grow to a respectable size.

Evergreens, other shrubs and ground covers are listed with the comment that there is NO guarantee that any particular plant will be successful in your location. Results and experience vary with climate, availability of other browsing materials and siting. This can mean simply planting resistant varieties surrounding a desirable specimen, planting in elevated beds, or just being lucky. Other unknown and unpredictable factors have an influence for success or failure.

Deer netting or fencing and repellents such as Irish Spring soap, spraying with egg yolks in water, chemical sprays etc. have had uncertain and mixed results. Sprays require repeated applications.

The Commission specifically identifies arbor vitae and yews as being very vulnerable and therefore are never to be recommended.

Here is a list of Native Plants relatively unpalatable to white-tailed deer that would be good to use as many of the species below instead of planting non-native ornamental plants –

The following are a few deer resistant trees:

### **Trees, Shrubs, and Vines**

Acer rubrium	red maple
Amelanchier species	serviceberry
Amorpha Fruticosa	false indigo
Asclepias species	milkweeds
Betula species	birches
Dirca palustris	leatherwood
Juglans nigra	black walnut
Lindera benzoin	spicebush
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum
Lonicera sempervirens	coral honeysuckle
Magnolia virginiana	northern bayberry
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore
Prunus serotina	black cherry
Salix nigra	black willow
Sassafras albidum	sassafras
Paper Birch	American Holly

## Deer Resistant Plant Materials

### Herbaceous perennials

<i>Aconitum uncinatum</i>	eastern monkshood
<i>Actea pachypoda</i>	white baneberry
<i>Agatache acrophulariifolia</i>	giant purple hyssop
<i>Agrimonia parviflora</i>	small agrimony
<i>Aquilegia canadensis</i>	wild columbine
<i>Arisaema triphyllum</i>	Jack-in-the-pulpit
<i>Arnumcus dioicus</i>	goat's beard
<i>Asarum canadense</i>	wild ginger
<i>Asclepias species</i>	milkweeds
<i>Aster oblongifolius</i>	aromatic aster
<i>Baptisia australis</i>	blue false indigo
<i>Clematis virginiana</i>	virgin's bower
<i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i>	<a href="#">tickseed</a>
<i>Coreopsis rosea</i>	pink coreopsis
<i>Dicentra eximia</i>	fringed bleeding heart
<i>Euphorbia corollata</i>	flowering spurge
<i>Geranium maculatum</i>	wild geranium
<i>Helenium autumnale</i>	Helen's flower
<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>	rose mallow
<i>Iris vericolor</i>	blue flag iris
<i>Jeffersonia diphylla</i>	twinleaf
<i>Liatris spicata</i>	spiked blazing star
<i>Mimulus ringens</i>	Allegheny monkey flower
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	wild bergamot
<i>Penstemon digitalis</i>	foxglove beardtongue

- List from Bringing Nature Home by Douglas W. Tallamy

#### Other comments and recommendations:

Use of Kousa Dogwood and/or Rutgers Dogwood is preferred for blight resistance. Aristocrat variety of flowering Bradford Callery Pear is preferred for its sturdy branches. Hoopsi Spruce is suggested since it retains its blue color.